Maths Whole School Progression Map									
Year Group	Number PV	Number +/-	Number x ÷	Number Fraction	Geometry	Measures	Statistics		
Year Group Nursery	Number PV Have a deep understanding of number to 5. including the composition and comparison of each number. Subitise up to 5. Recognise the pattern of the counting system. Make comparisons between objects relating to size of group	Number +/- Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond. Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings. Through play and exploration, beginning to learn that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers.	Number x ÷ Practical application of pairs of items: socks, shoes	Number Fraction Practical exploration of halves and quarters	Geometry Shows awareness of shape, and similarities and differences between objects. Talk about and explore 2D shapes using informal and mathematical language sides, corners, straight, flat Responds to and uses language of position and direction. Creates their own spatial patterns showing some organisation or regularity. Explores and adds to simple linear patterns of two or three repeating items Joins in with simple patterns in sounds, objects, games and stories dance and mayament predicting	Measures Make comparisons between objects relating to size Recalls a sequence of events in everyday life and stories. Explores differences in size, length, weight and capacity. In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items.	Statistics Practical exploration because sorting is not covered in the EYFS Framework or Development Matters guidance for Reception. It does provide an introduction to the concept of sorting according to colour and size.		
					what comes next				
Year Group	Number PV	Number +/-	Number x ÷	Number Fraction	Geometry	Weasures	Statistics		

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Reception	Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition and comparison of each number. Subitise up to 5. Recognise the pattern of the counting system.	Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise up to 5. Automatically recall number bonds up to 5 and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.	Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.	Practical exploration and application of halves and quarters.	There is no specific ELG related to this unit. This unit supports the Development Matters statement Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. Exploring more complex pattern	Practical exploration because time is not covered in the EYFS Framework or Development Matters guidance for Reception. It does provide a useful introduction to time, which will be covered in Year 1. Explores differences in size, length, weight and capacity. In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items.	Practical exploration because sorting is not covered in the EYFS Framework or Development Matters guidance for Reception. It does provide an introduction to the concept of sorting, which will be useful in Year 1.
One	Numbers to 10, 20, 50, 100	Addition and subtraction within 20. Aggregation/Partitioning and augmentation and reduction Doubles and near doubles	Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Non-statutory guidance: Through grouping and sharing small quantities, pupils begin to understand: multiplication and division; doubling numbers and quantities; and finding simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.	Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]; 3D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and with shapes. Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-	Sequence events in chronological order using language. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Measure and begin to record the following: time (hours, minutes, seconds). Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Sorting

					quarter turns		
					Non-statutory		
					guidance:		
					Pupils use the language		
					of position direction		
					and motion including:		
					left and right ton		
					middle and bottom on		
					top of in front of		
					above between		
					around near close		
					and far up and down		
					forwards and		
					hadwards		
					backwarus,		
Тию	Decemica the place	Coluc problems with	Calculate mathematical	Decognics find name	Compare and cort	Tall and write the times	Interpret and construct
TWO	Recognise the place	Solve problems with		Recognise, find, name	Compare and sort	Tell and write the time	interpret and construct
	value of each digit in a		statements for	dilu	common 2D and 3D	to five minutes,	simple pictograms, tany
	Chree-digit number		multiplication	Write fractions 1/3, /4,	shapes and everyday	including	
	Read and write	concrete objects and	and division within the	2/4 and 3/4 of a length,	objects.	quarter past/to the	And simple tables
	numbers up to 100in	pictorial	multiplication tables	shape, set of objects of	Identify and describe	nour and draw the	Ask and answer simple
	numerais	representations,	and write them using	quantity.	the properties of 2D	hands on a clock face	questions by counting
	and in words identify,		the	write simple fractions	snapes, including the	to show these	the number of objects
	represent and	those involving	multiplication (×),	for	number of sides and	times.	in each category and
	estimate numbers	numbers,	division (÷)	example, $1/2$ of $6 = 3$	line symmetry in a	Know the number of	sorting the
	using different	quantities and measures	and equals (=) signs	and recognise the	vertical line.	minutes in an hour and	categories by quantity
	representations (no.	Recall and use addition	Solve problems	equivalence of 2/4 and	Order and arrange	the number of hours in	Ask and answer
	line, rounding etc.)	and subtraction facts to	involving multiplication	1/2	combinations of	a day.	questions about
	Order and compare.	20 fluently, and derive	and division, using	Non-statutory	mathematical objects	Compare and sequence	totalling and
		and use related facts up	materials, arrays,	guidelines:	in patterns and	intervals of time.	comparing categorical
		to 100	repeated addition,	Pupils should count	sequences.	compare and order	data
		Add and subtract	mental methods, and	in fractions up to 10,	Use mathematical	lengths, mass, volume/	
		numbers using concrete	multiplication	starting from any	vocabulary to describe	capacity and record the	
		objects, pictorial	and division facts,	number	position, direction and	results using >, < and =	
		representations, and	including problems in		movement, including		
		mentally, including: a 2-	contexts		movement in a straight		
		digit number and 1s.			line and distinguishing		
		Count in steps of 2, 3,			between rotation as a		
		and 5 from 0, and in 10s			turn and in terms of		
		from any number,			right angles for quarter,		
		forward and backward			half and three-		
					quarter turns		
					(clockwise		
					and anti-clockwise)		
Three	Recognise the place	Add and subtract	Recall and use	Recognise and use	Recognise angles as a	Measure, compare, add	Interpret and present
	value of each digit in a	numbers with up to	multiplication and	fractions as numbers:	property of shape or a	and subtract: lengths	data using bar charts,
	three-digit number	three digits, using	division	unit fractions and non-	description of a turn	(m/	pictograms and tables.
	Read and write	formal written	facts for the 3, 4 and 8	unit fractions with	Identify right angles,		

	numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations (no. line, rounding etc.) Order and compare.	methods of columnar addition and subtraction Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones, a three-digit number and tens, a three-digit number and hundreds Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, placevalue, and more complex addition and subtraction	multiplication tables Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	small denominators Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non- unit fractions with small denominators. Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7)	recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; Identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Draw 2D shapes and make 3D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.	cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)	Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'how many more?' and 'how many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.
Four	Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number Read and write numbers beyond 1,000 in numerals and in words Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations (no. line, rounding etc.) Order and compare. Roman Numerals	Add and subtract numbers with up to four digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a four-digit number and ones, a four-digit number and tens, a four-digit number and hundreds Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, placevalue, and more	Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that	Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.	Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute].	Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.

		complex addition and subtraction		hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number.	Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down.		
Five	Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number Read and write numbers beyond 10,000 up to 100,000 in numerals and in words Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations (no. line, rounding etc.) Order and compare.	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non- prime) numbers Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 2/5 + 4/5 =6/5 = 1 1/5] Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers, supported by materials and diagrams Read, write, order and compare	Identify: -angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) -angles at a point on a straight line and 1/2 a turn (total 180°) -other multiples of 90° Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.	Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling Convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and metre; gram and kilogram; litre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. Solve problems involving converting between units of time.	Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph.

				numbers with up to	Identity 3D shapes,		
				three decimal	including cubes and		
				places	other cuboids, from 2D		
				Read and write decimal	representations.		
				numbers as	Identify, describe and		
				fractions [for example,	represent the position		
				= 71/100	of a shape following a		
				Recognise and use	reflection or		
				thousandths and	translation using the		
				relate them to tenths	appropriate language		
				hundredths and	and know that the		
				decimal equivalents	shape has not		
				Recognise the per cent	changed		
				symbol (%)	Estimate volume [for		
				and understand that	ovample using 1 cm 2		
				nor cont rolatos	blocks to build subside		
				to (number of parts and	(including subsel) cred		
				to number of parts per	(including cubes)] and		
				nundred , and	capacity [for example,		
				write percentages as a	using water)		
				fraction with			
				denominator 100, and			
				as a decimal.			
				Solve problems which			
				require knowing			
				percentage and			
				decimal equivalents			
				of 1/2 , 1/4 , 1/5,2/5 ,			
				4/5 and those fractions			
				with a denominator of			
				a multiple of 10 or 25			
				Identify, name and			
				write equivalent			
				fractions of a given			
				fraction, represented			
				visually, including			
				tenths and hundredths			
Siv	Recognise the place	Solve addition and	Multiply multi-digit	Divide proper fractions	Describe positions on	Use, read, write and	Calculate the mean as
JIX	value of each digit in a	subtraction multi-step	numbers	by	the full coordinate grid	convert between	an average.
	three-digit number	problems in contexts,	up to 4 digits by a two-	whole numbers (for	(all four	standard	Interpret and construct
	Read and write	deciding which	digit	example,	quadrants).	units, converting	pie charts and line
	numbers beyond	operations and methods	whole number using	1/3 ÷ 2 = 1/6)	Draw and translate	measurements of	graphs
	100,000 up to 1000,000	to use and why	the formal written	Add and subtract	simple shapes on the	length, mass, volume	and use these to solve
	in numerals and in		method of long	fractions	coordinate plane and	and time from a	problems.
	words Identify,		multiplication.	with different	reflect them in	smaller unit of	Solve problems
	represent and		Divide numbers up to 4	denominators	the axes.	measure to a larger	involving the
	estimate numbers		digits by a two-digit	and mixed numbers	Recognise angles	unit, and vice versa	calculation of
	using different		whole number	using the concept of	where they meet at a	using	percentages
	0				,		

representations (no.	using the formal	equivalent	point are	decimal notation to up	example, of
line, rounding etc.)	written method of long	fractions	on a straight line, or	to three decimal	measures, and such as
Order and compare	division.	Multiply simple pairs	are vertically opposite	places.	15% of 360] and the
	and interpret	of proper fractions.	and find missing angles.	piecesi	use of percentages for
	remainders as	writing the answer in	Compare and		comparison.
	whole number	its simplest form (for	classify geometric		companiooni
	remainders	example, $1/4 \times 1$	shapes based on		
	fractions, or by	2 = 1/8)	their properties		
	rounding, as	Use their	and sizes and find		
	appropriate for the	knowledge of the order	unknown angles		
	context	of operations	in any triangles.		
	Identify common	to carry out	guadrilaterals, and		
	factors, common	calculations	regular polygons.		
	multiples and	involving the four			
	prime numbers.	operations			
		Ratio and Proportion			
		Solve problems			
		involving			
		unequal sharing			
		and grouping using			
		knowledge of fractions			
		and multiples			
		Solve problems			
		involving the			
		relative sizes of			
		two quantities where			
		missing values can			
		be found by			
		using integer			
		multiplication and			
		division facts.			